

Tour Code: 8CXY_D7

云台山
Mt. Yuntai
Subject to season

兵马俑
Terra-Cotta Warriors

高家大院
Gao Courtyard

龙门石窟
Longmen Grottoes

少林寺
Shaolin Temple



特別贈送：鄭州手工剪紙，開封大宋汴繡，洛陽牡丹三彩

河南+西安文化之旅 Henan+Xi'an Tour

8 Days 6 Nights 八天六夜



JR VACATION SDN BHD 东櫻旅行社有限公司 (KPK/LN 5682) (834456-V)
48, Jalan Metro Pudu, Fraser Business Park, 55100 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.
Tel : +603-9222 2233 Mobile : +6012-521 7399 Fax : +603-9222 1118
Website : www.jrvacation.com.my Email : inquiry@jrvacation.com.my

第一天 吉隆坡 → 西安

(---/---/---)

团队集合于 KLIA 2 机场，搭乘航班飞往世界四大古都之一“西安”，接机后安排入住酒店休息。

第二天 西安 高铁(二等座) 2.5HRS 郑州

(早/午/晚)

- **黄河游览区(含气垫船)** — 位于郑州西北 20km 里的黄河之滨，也是黄河中下游的分界线。这里绿树满山，亭阁相映，山青水秀，景色宜人。登高北望，黄河水无际无涯，浩浩荡荡。由于黄河在这里冲出最后一个峡口进入平原，形成悬河，所以在这里观黄河别有一番情趣。
- **鸿沟** — 是古代运河，在今河南省荥阳市，战国年间开凿的连结黄河与淮河的运河。在楚汉相争时是两军对峙的临时分界。
- **黄河铁桥遗址** — 位于黄河风景名胜区东北侧，始建于清光绪二十九年(1903年)，由比利时的一家工程公司承建。1906年正式通车，是黄河上修建的第一座铁路桥，堪称“中国铁路大桥之母”。1987年被拆除，只留下5孔桥墩作为文物保存在原址上。
- **桃花峪** — 桃花峪旅游区，位于广武镇境内。北濒滔滔黄河，南眺巍巍嵩岳，东接黄河游览区、黄河大观，西连汉霸二王城。景区内沟壑纵横，峪顶相间，地形地貌独特，史迹名胜繁多，为古今文人骚客必游之地。
- **炎黄广场+炎黄塑像** — 炎黄广场拥有炎黄二帝塑像，二帝巨塑背依邙山，面向黄河。塑像整体高106米，其中，山高55米，像高51米，雕塑中高者为炎帝，矮者为黄帝，所用材料均是太行山真石。

第三天 郑州 1HR 开封

(早/午/晚)

- **开封府** — 位于包公东湖北岸，是北宋京都官吏行政、司法的衙署，被誉为天下首府，是国家4A级旅游景区。重建的开封府，占地60余亩，建筑面积1.36万平方米，与位于包公西湖的包公祠相呼应，形成了东府西祠、楼阁碧水的秀美景观。
- **铁塔** — 位于开封市铁塔公园的东半部，始建于公元1049年(北宋皇祐元年)，是1961年中国首批公布的国家重点保护文物之一，素有“天下第一塔”之称。
- **宋都御街(车游)** — 位于开封市中山路北段，是为再现宋代御街风貌，于1988年建成的一条仿宋商业街。
- **禹王台千年古苑** — 又称古吹台，传说春秋时期晋国有一位双目失明的音乐家名叫师旷，他的音乐造诣很深，是晋平公驾下的一名乐师，他经常在这座高台上吹奏乐曲，人们便把这座高台命名为古吹台。
- **船游御河** — 御河河道蜿蜒曲流，兼以多样的植物点缀，自然的叠石、趣味的小品、市井文化，是自然景观与人文景观的融合。

第四天 开封 2HRS 焦作 2.5HRS 登封

(早/午/晚)

- **云台山风景区(含景区环保车)+红石峡** — 云台山古称“覆釜山”，位于河南省焦作市修武县境内。因山脉高峻，山间常年云雾缭绕，故名云台山，云台山属太行山系。云台山是一个集中国国家重点风景名胜区、国家5A级景区、国家地质公园、国家森林公园、国家水利风景区和国家猕猴自然保护区于一体的风景名胜区，景区面积达190平方公里。云台山景区又以独具特色的“北方岩溶地貌”而被联合国教科文组织列入首批世界地质公园名录。**红石峡**是云台山风景区的精华景点，整个峡谷由红岩绝壁构成，属于中国北方地区少有的丹霞地貌峡谷景观，崖壁通体的赤红色，故称“红石峡”。它集泉瀑溪潭涧诸景于一谷，融雄险奇幽诸美于一体，被风景园林专家称赞为“自然界山水精品廊”。

第五天 登封 1.5HRS 洛阳 2.5HRS 灵宝

(早/午/晚)

- **少林寺(含电瓶车)** — 一是位于中国“五岳”之一嵩山五乳峰下的一座佛寺，由于其座落于嵩山腹地少室山的茂密丛林之中，故名「少林寺」。少林寺是中国佛教禅宗祖庭，是中国久负盛名的佛教寺院，也是少林武术的发祥地。
- **塔林** — 位于少林寺的西侧，这里是少林寺历代德高望重的僧侣的坟墓。这些僧侣圆寂后，他们的骨灰被放入地宫，然后在上造塔，塔的大小、高低和层数的多少是由僧侣们生前佛学造诣的深浅、威望高低和功德大小来决定的。塔林现有232座塔。
- **少林功夫表演** — 少林功夫是在少林寺的佛教文化环境中形成的一个武术体系，以佛教神力信仰为基础，充分体现禅宗智慧并以少林寺僧人修习的武术为主要表现形式，少林功夫的要旨是禅武合一。
- **龙门石窟(含电瓶车)** — 是中国四大石窟之一，位于洛阳市南郊伊水两岸的龙门山和香山崖壁上，主要开凿于北魏至北宋的四百余年间，至今仍存有窟龕2100多个，造像10万余尊，碑刻题记3600余品。已列为世界文化遗产。

第六天 灵宝 3.5HRS 西安

(早/午/晚)

- **兵马俑(含电瓶车)** — 兵马俑即制成兵马(战车、战马、士兵)形状的殉葬品，亦称为秦兵马俑或秦俑，第一批中国全国重点文物保护单位，第一批中国世界遗产。
- **秦始皇陵** — 建于公元前246年至公元前208年，历时39年，是中国第一位皇帝秦始皇的陵墓，也是中国第一个规模宏大、布局讲究且保存完好的帝王陵寝。
- **仿唐歌舞表演** — 唐朝乐舞是中国唐朝的汉族舞蹈艺术，是古代汉族舞蹈艺术发展的最高峰，形式华丽、规模宏大的宫廷燕乐舞蹈在当时层出不穷，堪为唐代舞蹈一大胜观。

第七天 西安

(早/午/晚)

- **古城墙** — 西安城墙自明朝初年在唐长安城皇城的基础上建造起来，后来又经过多次修补，形成严密的防御体系，是中国现存最完整的古城墙之一。
- **大雁塔+音乐喷泉广场** — 位于陕西省西安市雁塔区的大慈恩寺内，是一座7层方形佛塔。**音乐喷泉**位于大雁塔脚下，规模宏大，流光溢彩，美轮美奂。
- **小雁塔** — 又称“荐福寺塔”，建于唐景龙年间，与大雁塔同为唐长安城保留至今的重要标志，是唐代佛教建筑艺术遗产。
- **高家大院+皮影戏** — 高家大院是高岳崧故居，历经百年沧桑，是西安市保护最完整的民居院落之一。
- **曲江遗址公园** — 是唐代皇家园林的遗址公园。它集历史文化保护、生态园林、山水景观、休闲旅游、民俗传承、艺术展示为一体的开放式城市生态文化公园。曲江遗址公园有很多表现唐代社会生活的雕塑，布置在全园各处，草坪，广场，山坡中。
- **钟鼓楼广场** — 位于东西南北四条大街的交汇处，广场东侧屹立着已有六百多年历史的钟楼，西侧屹立目前所存在全国最大的鼓楼。
- **回民一条街** — 是西安著名的美食文化街区，也是西安特色小吃最集中的街区。

*** 结束旅程，送机场。

第八天 西安 → 吉隆坡

(---/---/---)

搭乘航班返回吉隆坡！

* 最后确认的行程将以旅行团抵达各地后由接待社安排为准

Day 01 Kuala Lumpur → Xi'an

(--/--/---)

Assemble at KLIA 2 for your direct flight to Xi'an. Meet and transfer to check in hotel.

Day 02 Xi'an High speed train (2nd class) 2.5HRS Zhengzhou

(B/L/D)

- **The Yellow River Scenic Area (include hovercraft ride)** - is 20 kilometers away the northwest of Zhengzhou City. It is the borders of the Yellow River in the north, Mountain Dai and Mountain Guangwushan in the south. The beautiful scenery covered by green trees and pavilions. A view by standing on a high place shows that the Yellow River keeps running forward.
- **The Wide Gap** - the name of ancient canal, dig to connect the Yellow River and Huai River. It was the boundary during the period of competition between Chu and Han.
- **The Yellow River Bridge Site** - located northeast side of The Yellow River Scenic Area, the Qing Dynasty began to build here, it was the first railway bridge in China. In 1987 it needs to be removed for flood control and now only five holes piers left.
- **Taohuayu** – located in the territory of Guangwu, north of the Yellow River surging, south overlooking Songyue, east connect Yellow River Scenic Area and the Yellow River grand view, west of King Han city and the Conqueror (Xiang Yu) city.
- **Yan Huang Square +The Statue of Emperor Yan and Huang** - Yan Huang Square has two statues of Emperor Yan and Huang, back to the mountain and facing the Yellow River. The statue of 106 meters high which include 55 meters high of mountain and 51 meters high of statue, the high sculpture is Yan Emperor and the dwarf is the Huang Emperor, the materials used from Taihang Mountains.

Day 03 Zhengzhou 1HR Kaifeng

(B/L/D)

- **Kaifeng Mansion** - located on the north bank of the East Lake of Baogong Lake, was the national hub of politics, economy and culture during the Northern Song Dynasty. It is a 4A level national scenic spot.
- **Iron Pagoda** - Emperor Renzong of the Northern Song Dynasty built the pagoda in 1049. It was placed on the list of major historic and cultural sites under state protection in 1961. Now, it is considered one of China's best pagodas for its size, preservation and history.
- **Song Royal Street (coach passby)** - is located at the north section of Zhongshan Road in Kaifeng. It was built in 1988 to display the royal street of Northern Song Dynasty.
- **Yuwangtai** - also called "Guchuitai" named for a musician, Shikuang who used to play music there during the spring and autumn.
- **Yuhe River cruise tour** - is a Song Dynasty river style scenic area, it well combine natural landscape with cultural landscape.

Day 04 Kaifeng 2HRS Jiaozuo 2.5HRS Dengfeng

(B/L/D)

- **Yuntai Mountain Scenic Area (include green car ride) +Red Stone Valley** - is situated in Xiuwu County, about 30 kilometers from Jiaozuo City. Due to the steep mountains, the mountain year-round clouds, hence the name Yuntai Mountain. Yuntai Mountain is a scenic spot integrating China's national key scenic area, national 5A scenic area, national geological park, national forest park, national water conservancy scenic area and national macaque nature reserve. The scenic area include 190 square kilometers. Yuntai Mountain Scenic Area again with the unique "northern karst landscape" was included into the first batch of the world geological park directory by UNESCO. **Red Stone Valley** is the essence attraction of Yuntai Mountain Scenic Area. It is a valley with steep cliffs of red rocks standing straight up on both sides. It is the geologic relic of a crustal movement that took place 1.4 billion years ago and rare Danxia Landform in northern China. This gorge gathers many springs, waterfalls, streams, pools and gullies, so it is named 'the corridor of superfine landscape' by garden experts.

Day 05 Dengfeng 1.5HRS Luoyang 2.5HRS Lingbao

(B/L/D)

- **Shaolin Temple (include buggy car)** - the name refers to the forests of Shaoshi mountain, one of the seven peaks of the Mt. Song. It is a Zen Buddhism ancestral home in China, China's prestigious Buddhist temple and also the birthplace of Shaolin Martial Arts.
- **Forest of Pagodas** - located to the west side of Shaolin Temple, are the tomb stones for the respected monks from Shaolin Temple. After a respected Shaolin monk's decease, his remains or ashes (or clothes if these two were missing) would be buried underground and a pagoda would be constructed upon it, of which the height, number of tiers, shape and the space it occupied would be decided according to his lifetime achievements and contributions.
- **Kungfu Show** - Shaolin Kung Fu is a martial arts system formed in the Buddhist culture environment of Shaolin Temple. Based on the belief of Buddhist divinity, it fully embodies the wisdom of Zen Buddhism and takes the martial arts practiced by Shaolin monks as its main manifestation. The essence of Shaolin Kung Fu is the unity of Zen Buddhism and Buddhism.
- **Longmen Grottoes (include buggy car)** - It is one of the four largest grottoes in China and located on both sides of the Yi River to the south of the ancient capital of Luoyang. There are about 2,100 grottoes and niches, over 100,000 Buddhist images and statues, and 3,600 inscribed stone tablets. Longmen Grottoes have been listed in the World Cultural Heritage Site by UNESCO.

Day 06 Lingbao 3.5HRS Xi'an

(B/L/D)

- **Terra-Cotta Warriors (with buddy car)** - The Terracotta Army refers to the thousands of life-size clay models of soldiers, horses, and chariots which were deposited around the grand mausoleum of Qin Shihuang. The first batch of China's national key cultural relics protection units and also the first batch of China World Heritage.
- **Mausoleum of The First Qin Emperor** - was constructed over 39 years, from 246 to 208 BC. It was the tomb of the first emperor Qin Shi Huang in China history and well preserved.
- **Tang -style cabaret** - is Tang Dynasty culture and dance performances.

Day 07 Xi'an

(B/L/D)

- **Xi'an Ancient City Wall** - was built on the basis of the Imperial City of Chang'an Tang Dynasty since early of Ming Dynasty. Later, it was repaired several times to form a tight defense system. It is one of the most complete ancient city wall in China.
- **Giant Wild Goose Pagoda +Musical Fountain Square** - located inside the Da Ci En Temple with 7 storey Buddhist Pagoda. Music Fountain located at the foot of the Giant Wild Goose Pagoda, large-scale, ambilight and beautiful.
- **Small Wild Goose Pagoda** - is one of two significant pagodas in Xi'an. It's an Buddhism architectural heritage was built during Tang Dynasty.
- **Gao Courtyard (include shadow puppetry performance)** - is the former residence of Gao Yuesong, an official of the Ming Dynasty. With a history of 400 years, it is one of the best-persevered traditional residences in Xian City.
- **Qujiangchi Relics Park** - is a relics' park which use to be the imperial garden in the Tang Dynasty. Nowadays, it is an open urban of ecological and cultural park integrating historical and cultural protection.
- **Bell and Drum Tower** - It is located at the intersection of the four main streets of East, West, South and North. The east side of the square stands a clock tower with a history of over 600 years. At the west side stands the current China' largest drum tower.
- **The HuiMin Street** - is a famous food and cultural district and also Xi'an Snack most concentrated neighborhoods.

End tour and transfer to airport.

Day 08 Xi'an → Kuala Lumpur

(--/--/---)

Home sweet home !!!

* The itinerary is subject to the final discretion of the Land Operator

8天6晚 河南+西安文化之旅

8 Days 6 Nights Henan + Xi'an Tour

Tour Code: 8CXY_D7

Tour Highlights 行程特色

- 中国四大石窟之一: Longmen Grottoes (include buggy car) 龙门石窟 (含电瓶车)
- 世界地质公园 & 国家4A级旅游景区: Yuntai Mountain Scenic Area (include green car ride) + Red Stone Valley 云台山风景区 (含景区环保车) + 红石峡
- 中国世界遗产: Terra-Cotta Warriors (with buggy car) 兵马俑 (含电瓶车)
- 中国第一位皇帝秦始皇的陵墓: Mausoleum of The First Qin Emperor 秦始皇陵
- 贴心安排: Tang-style cabaret 仿唐歌舞表演
- 西安市保护最完整的民居院落: Gao Courtyard (include shadow puppetry performance) 高家大院 + 皮影戏
- 特别赠送: 郑州手工剪纸, 开封大宋汴绣, 洛阳牡丹三彩

Place of Visit 景点

- Zhengzhou 郑州:** The Yellow River Scenic Area (include hovercraft ride) 黄河游览区 (含气垫船), The Wide Gap 鸿沟, The Yellow River Bridge Site 黄河铁路桥遗址, Taohuayu 桃花峪, Yan Huang Square + The Statue of Emperor Yan and Huang 炎黄广场 + 炎黄雕像
- Kaifeng 开封:** Kaifeng Mansion 开封府, Iron Pagoda 铁塔, Song Royal Street (coach passby) 宋都御街 (车游), Yuwangtai 禹王台千年古苑, Yuhe River cruise tour 船游御河
- Jiaozuo 焦作:** Yuntai Mountain Scenic Area (include green car ride) + Red Stone Valley 云台山风景区 (含景区环保车) + 红石峡
- Dengfeng 登封:** Shaolin Temple (include buggy car) 少林寺 (含电瓶车), Forest of Pagodas 塔林, Kungfu Show 少林功夫表演
- Luoyang 洛阳:** Longmen Grottoes (include buggy car) 龙门石窟 (含电瓶车)
- Xi'an 西安:** Terra-Cotta Warriors (with buggy car) 兵马俑 (含电瓶车), Mausoleum of The First Qin Emperor 秦始皇陵, Tang-style cabaret 仿唐歌舞表演, Xi'an Ancient City Wall 古城墙, Giant Wild Goose Pagoda + Musical Fountain Square 大雁塔 + 音乐喷泉广场, Small Wild Goose Pagoda 小雁塔, Gao Courtyard (include shadow puppetry performance) 高家大院 + 皮影戏, Qujiangchi Relics Park 曲江遗址公园, Bell and Drum Tower 钟鼓楼广场, The HuiMin Street 回民一条街

Day 1	Kuala Lumpur → Xi'an	(--/--/--)	第一天	吉隆坡 → 西安	(---/---/---)
Day 2	Xi'an – high speed rail 2 nd class – Zhengzhou	(B/L/D)	第二天	西安 – 高铁2等座 – 郑州	(早/午/晚)
Day 3	Zhengzhou – Kaifeng	(B/L/D)	第三天	郑州 – 开封	(早/午/晚)
Day 4	Kaifeng – Jiaozuo – Dengfeng	(B/L/D)	第四天	开封 – 焦作 – 登封	(早/午/晚)
Day 5	Dengfeng – Luoyang – Lingbao	(B/L/D)	第五天	登封 – 洛阳 – 灵宝	(早/午/晚)
Day 6	Lingbao – Xi'an	(B/L/D)	第六天	灵宝 – 西安	(早/午/晚)
Day 7	Xi'an	(B/L/D)	第七天	西安	(早/午/晚)
Day 8	Xi'an → Kuala Lumpur	(--/--/--)	第八天	西安 → 吉隆坡	(---/---/---)

Hotel 酒店

Xi'an:	Atour Hotel (2N)	4★/ similar
西安	亚朵酒店	同级
Zhenzhou:	Ruijing Zhongzhou (1N)	4★/ similar
郑州	International Hotel	同级
	瑞景中州国际酒店	同级
Kaifeng:	New Dongyuan Hotel (1N)	4★/ similar
开封	新东苑大酒店	同级
Dengfeng:	Chanwu Hotel (1N)	4★/ similar
登封	禅武大酒店	同级
Lingbao:	Zingy Good Hotel (1N)	4★/ similar
灵宝	紫金宫国际大酒店	同级

*If unavailable, will replace with local similar grade accommodation
*酒店客满时, 本公司会提供当地相同等级住宿

Dining Highlights 风味

- 桶子鸡风味
- Barrel Chicken Flavor
- 少林素斋
- Shaolin Vegetarian Flavor
- 半水席风味 Luoyang Banquet
- 西安饺子餐风味
- Xi'an Dumpling Flavor

Shopping Stop 购物

全程不进购物店
No Shopping Stop Tour

Optional Tour 自费项目 - RMB 320/ pax/ 人

登封大型实景演出《禅宗少林·音乐大典》
+ 郑州河南博物院 + 开封小宋城 + 开封大梁门 + 开封城摞城
ShaoLin Zen Music Ritual + Henan Museum + Small Song City
+ Girder Door + City pile City

Tour Fare / 团费:			Departure Date / 出发日期:	
Airport Tax / 机场税 (subject to change)	Tip for Guide and Driver 导游与司机小费	China Visa (Normal single entry) 中国签证 (普通一次入境)	Agency Collection Fee 旅游社附加手续费	Travel Insurance 旅游保险费
RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
* Flight Details (subject to change) / 航班时间: DAY 1 KUL/XIY D7 346 1755/2315 // DAY 8 XIY/KUL D7 347 0035/0550				
*The itinerary are subject to the final discretion of the Land Operator *最后确认的行程将以旅行团抵达各地后由接待社安排为准				