

8天6夜

## 北京/大同



Tour Code: CDH-5



★ 风味餐：• 北京果木烤鸭 • 粤菜风味 • 四川风味 • 杭州风味  
• 大同刀削面



## 精简行程:

## 第一天 机场集合 (机上用餐)

- 抵达后入住酒店

酒店：5\*合美汇通酒店或同级

## 第二天 抵达北京 (早/午/晚)

- 天安门广场
- 国家大剧院 (外观)
- 故宫
- 天坛
- 杂技表演

酒店：5\*合美汇通酒店或同级

## 第三天 北京 (早/午/晚)

- 颐和园
- 前门仿古商业街
- 茶叶店
- 王府井大街
- 王府井小吃街

酒店：5\*春晖园温泉度假村或同级

## 第四天 北京/大同 (早/午/晚)

- 丝绸馆
- 居庸关长城

酒店：4\*大同美精品酒店或同级

## 第五天 大同 (早/午/晚)

- 悬空寺
- 云冈石窟 (不含电瓶车)
- 九龙壁
- 古城墙

酒店：4\*大同美精品酒店或同级

## 第六天 大同/北京 (早/午/晚)

- 宝树堂
- 三轮车游胡同

酒店：5\*东方美高美酒店或同级

## 第七天 北京 (早/午/晚)

- 乳胶店
- 秀水街
- 世贸天阶
- 珠宝店
- 外观鸟巢
- 外观水立方

## 第八天 抵达吉隆坡 (机上用餐)

赠送：每人每天一瓶矿泉水

行程次序，以当地旅社安排为准。

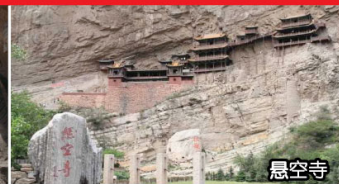
## 观光景点:



万里长城



云冈石窟



悬空寺

## 北京

- 天安门广场 - 位于北京市中心,可容百万人举行集会是世界名城中最大的广场。
- 故宫 - 又名紫禁城,是明清两代皇帝住过的皇宫。它位于北京市中心,面积达72万平方米,是世界上规模最大的宫殿建筑群。故宫可以分为两大部分,南为工作区,即外朝,北为生活区,即内廷。外朝内廷的所有建筑排列在中轴线上,东西对称,秩序井然。
- 天坛 - 中国现代最大坛庙建筑,它乃明、清两代帝王祀天祈谷的坛庙,主要包括祈年殿、皇宇、回音壁、圜丘、斋宫等。
- 居庸关万里长城 - 长城全长6000多公里,是世界上最伟大的建筑之一。长城始建于秦始皇时期,经过历代的增补修筑,现在我们能看到的长城几乎都是明代所建。
- 颐和园 - 原名清漪园,始建于公元1750年;1860年的第二次鸦片战争中,清漪园被英法联军烧毁;1886年,清政府挪用海军,军费等款项重修,并于两年后改名颐和园,作为慈禧太后晚年的颐养之地。
- 鸟巢国家体育场 - 鸟巢”是2008年北京奥运会主体育场,乃可容纳9.1万人的体育场。
- 水立方游泳馆 - 因表面看如一个装满水的立方体所以俗称“水立方”为奥运主要的水上项目比赛场馆。

## 大同

- 云冈石窟 - 被联合国教科文组织列为世界文化遗产,中国十大石窟之一。云冈石窟距今已有1500多年的历史,始建于公元460年,由当时的佛教高僧昙曜奉旨开凿。此石窟依山而凿,东西绵延约一公里,气势恢弘,内容丰富。现存主要洞窟45个,大小窟龕252个,造像5万1千余尊,代表了公元5至6世纪时中国杰出的佛教石窟艺术。接着游览悬空寺。此寺建于1400年前北魏后期,是中国仅存的佛、道、儒三教合一的独特寺庙。
- 悬空寺 - 原来叫“玄空阁”。“玄”取自於中国传统宗教道教教理,「空」则来源于佛教的教理,后来改名为悬空寺,是因为整座寺院就像悬挂在悬崖之上,在汉语中「悬」和「玄」同音,因此得名。
- 九龙壁 - 是中国现存九龙壁中建筑年代最早、最大的一座,比北京故宫和北海的九龙壁早三百余年,大小约是北海的九龙壁的两倍。大同九龙壁于2001年成为全国重点文物保护单位。大同有“龙壁之城”的美称,现存有九座龙壁,大同九龙壁是其中最著名的一座。
- 古城墙 - 为明洪武五年(1372年)在元故城墙旧土城上增筑而成,全国颇有名气。大同城墙的总周长为7270.7米,形制方形城池。比西安古城墙高2米,最宽处16.6米,比南京古城墙最宽处还宽6.6米。城墙上建有62座门楼角楼、望楼。城门楼四座,其中南门城楼最雄壮,为三层重楼,面宽61米,进深23.35米。

自费项目：华严寺+辽代步行街+车游大同古城墙+老北京四合院家访+车游北京长安街：380人民币

出发日期:

航班行程:

Travel Agent:

	团费	机场税及燃油附加费	小费	旅行社代收费	签证	旅行保险	总数
成人							
小孩							



**8D6N**

# BEIJING/DATONG



Tour Code: CDH-5

★ **Special Cuisine:**

- Beijing Roasted Duck
- Sichuan Cuisine
- Datong Noodles
- Cantonese Cuisine
- Hangzhou Cuisine

**Schedule:****D1 ASSEMBLE AT AIRPORT**

(MOB)

- Check In Hotel

Hotel : 5\*Beijing He Mei Hui Tong International Hotel or similar

**D2 ARRIVE BEIJING (B/L/D)**

- Tian An Men Square
- National Centre For The Performing Arts (Outlook)
- Forbidden City
- Temple of Heaven
- Acrobatic Show

Hotel : 5\*Beijing He Mei Hui Tong International Hotel or similar

**D3 BEIJING (B/L/D)**

- Summer Palace
- Qian Men Walking Street
- Tea Shop
- Wang Fu Jing Street
- Wang Fu Jing Food Street

Hotel : 5\*Chun Hui Yuan Hot Spring Resort or similar

**D4 BEIJING/DATONG (B/L/D)**

- Silk Factory
- JuYong Pass-Great Wall

Hotel : 4\*Datong MeiJing Hotel or similar

**D5 DATONG (B/L/D)**

- Hanging Monastery
- Yungang Grottoes
- Nine-Dragon Screen Wall
- Datong Ancient City Wall

Hotel : 4\*Datong MeiJing Hotel or similar

**D6 DATONG/BEIJING (B/L/D)**

- Bao Shu Tang
- Hutong Trishaw Ride

Hotel : Orient MGM or similar

**D7 BEIJING/KUALA LUMPUR**

(B/L/D)

- Latex Shop
- Xiu Shui Market
- World Trade Plaza-LED Screen
- Jewelry Shop
- Olympic Stadium (Outlook)
- The National Aquatic Centre (Outlook)

**D8 ARRIVAL (MOB)****FREE**

- Mineral Water Per Passenger Per Day

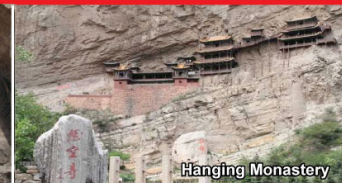
Sequences of Itinerary are subject to local arrangement.

**Tourist Attractions:**

Great Wall



Yungang Grottoes



Hanging Monastery

**BEIJING**

- **Tian An Men Square** - Which located at the center of Beijing. Tian An Men Square is the largest square in the world and can hold about one million people in the same time. It is surrounded by the Forbidden City in the north, the Great Hall of People in the west and museums of Chinese History and Chinese Revolution in the east.
- **Forbidden City** - The largest and best preserved collection of ancient buildings in China. The complex is divided into two sections - Inner Court - the living quarters and Outer Court - the working area.
- **Temple of Heaven** - Is a place where the Ming & Qing Dynasty went to worship Heaven and pray for good harvest.
- **Great Wall** - Is a series of stone and fortifications in China, built, rebuilt and maintained between 5th Century and 16th Century to protect the northern borders of Chinese Empire from Xiongnu attacks during the rule of successive dynasties.
- **Summer Palace** - Formerly known as Qing Yi Park, built in Qing Emperor Qianlong began fifteen years (1750). In the Second Opium War, fire burned by British and French troops. Rebuilt in 1860, as a recuperate relegated palace of Empress Dowager Cixi.
- **Beijing 2008 Olympic Stadium** - Is the main stadium of the 29th Beijing Olympic Games. The National Stadium in Beijing, the main stadium for the 2008 Olympic Games, is dubbed the "bird's nest" because of its innovative grid formation.
- **The National Aquatic Centre** - Also called the "Water Cube", The center will be the venue for swimming, diving, synchronized swimming and water-polo final during the Olympic Games.

**DATONG**

- **Yungang Grottoes** - UNESCO World Heritage Site, one of the most famous Buddhist sculptural sites in China, Yungang Grottoes (exclude buggy). It is an outstanding example of the Chinese stone carvings from the 5th and 6th centuries. All together the site is composed of 252 grottoes with more than 51,000 Buddha statues and statuettes.
- **Hanging Monastery** - It is built more than 1,400 years ago; this temple is notable not only for its location on a sheer precipice but also because it includes Buddhist, Taoist, and Confucian elements. The structure is kept in place with wooden crossbeams fitted into holes chiseled into the cliffs. The main supportive structure was hidden.
- **Nine-Dragon Screen Wall** - was built at the start of the Ming Dynasty (1368). 45.5 meters long, 8 meters high, and 22 meters thick. As one of the three famous walls of this style in China, the Datong Nine-Dragon Wall is the oldest, largest, and most enchanting one.
- **Datong Ancient City Wall** - The original city wall in Datong was built in 1372 at the early stage of Ming Dynasty (1368 - 1644) upon the ancient tamped earth city walls that had been built originally during Liao Dynasty (916 - 1125 and Jin Dynasty (1115 - 1234). It was 14 meters high with a perimeter of 7270 meters and 4 main gates, 4 turrets and 46 watch towers.

Optional Tour : Shan Hua Temple +Liao Dai Walking Street+ Da Tonghua Nights View + Courtyard Home Visit + Chang An Avenue Night View [RMB 380/pax]

Departure Date:

Flight :

Travel Agent:

	Tour Fare	Airport Tax & Fuel Surcharge	Tipping	ACF	Visa	Travel Insurance	Total
Adult							
Child							